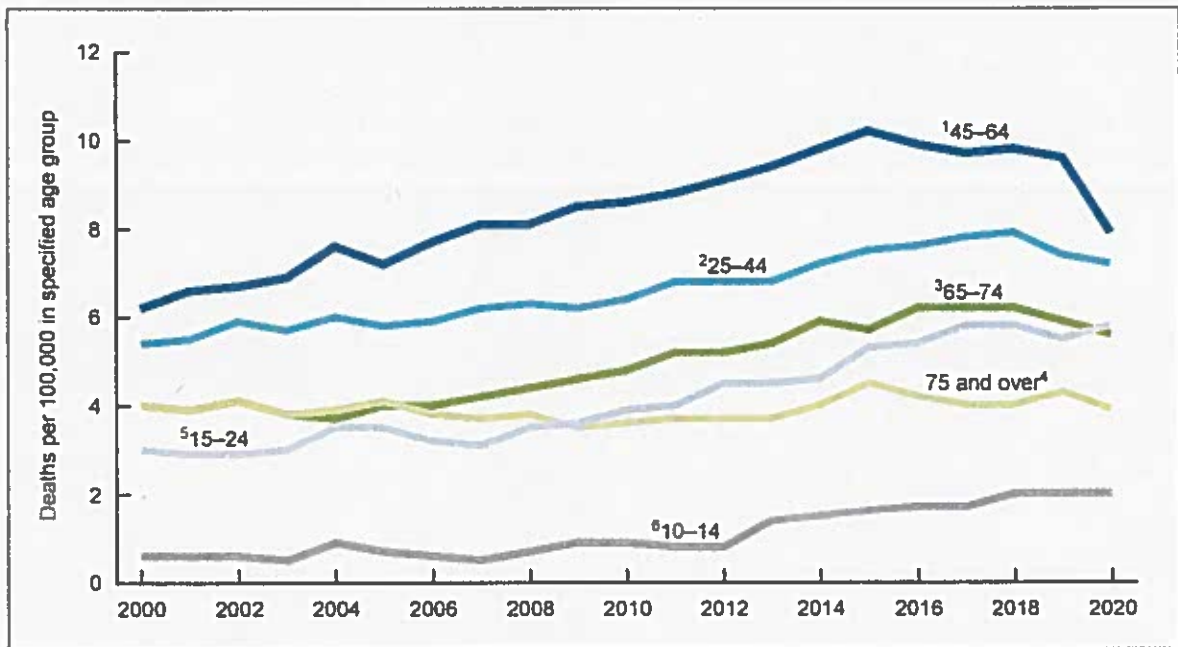


Female suicide rates have declined recently for all age groups over age 25 but have generally increased for those aged 10–14 and 15–24.

- Suicide rates decreased recently in females aged 25–44, 45–64, 65–74, and 75 and over (Figure 2).
- For females, suicide rates were highest for those aged 45–64 across the period. The rate increased from 6.2 in 2000 to a high of 10.2 in 2015, before declining through 2020 to 7.9.
- From 2000 through 2020, female suicide rates were consistently lowest among those aged 10–14; however, the rate more than tripled from 2000 (0.6) to 2020 (2.0).

Figure 2 Suicide rates for females, by age group: United States, 2000–2020



¹Significant increasing trend from 2000 through 2016; significant decreasing trend from 2016 through 2020. $p < 0.05$
²Significant increasing trend from 2000 through 2018, with different rates of change over time; significant decreasing trend from 2018 through 2020. $p < 0.05$
³Stable trend from 2000 through 2004; significant increasing trend from 2004 through 2017; significant decreasing trend from 2017 through 2020. $p < 0.05$
⁴Significant decreasing trend from 2000 through 2009; significant increasing trend from 2009 through 2020. $p < 0.05$. The rate in 2020 was significantly lower than the rate in 2019. $p < 0.05$
⁵Stable trend from 2000 through 2007; significant increasing trend from 2007 through 2020. $p < 0.05$
⁶Significant increasing trend from 2000 through 2020. $p < 0.05$
 NOTES: Suicide deaths are identified using *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* underlying cause-of-death codes U03, X60–X84, and Y87.0.
 Access data table for Figure 2 at: <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db433-tables.pdf#2>
 SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, Mortality.

GALLUP®

JUNE 12, 2023

More Say Birth Gender Should Dictate Sports Participation

BY JEFFREY M. JONES



STORY HIGHLIGHTS

- Opposition to transgender athletes on teams matching gender identity rises
- 39% say they know someone who is transgender, up from 31% in 2021

- Majority still say changing one's gender is morally wrong

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- A larger majority of Americans now (69%) than in 2021 (62%) say transgender athletes should only be allowed to compete on sports teams that conform with their birth gender. Likewise, fewer endorse transgender athletes being able to play on teams that match their current gender identity, 26%, down from 34%.

Americans' Views on Transgender Athletes, 2021 vs. 2023

Next, we have a question about policies for competitive sports that have separate teams for male and female athletes. Do you think transgender athletes should be able to play on sports teams that match their current gender identity or should only be allowed to play on sports teams that match their birth gender?

Americans' Views on Transgender Athletes, 2021 vs. 2023

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These results are based on Gallup's annual Values and Beliefs survey, conducted May 1-24.

The issue has sparked debate at all levels of competitive sports, particularly around transgender women's ability to play on women's teams. Sports governing bodies and schools have adopted a range of policies on the issue, some more inclusive of transgender participation than others.