

## Outline

- 1. Salmon and groundwater science background
- 2. Science-based tools
- 3. Decision-making
- 4. Training and Education

# 1. Salmon and groundwater science background

#### "We have the remarkable opportunity to not mess things up here."

### Salmon Abundance



\* Lacks complete data

Data Source: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife



### Groundwater and salmon-streamflow



Millions of juvenile salmon rear in headwater streams that rely on groundwater



#### Groundwater = stream temperature moderation



cooling our warming streams in summer

keeping streams flowing®in winter







### 2. Science-based tools

- Most land on the southern Kenai Lowlands is unprotected (pink and white).
- 1. Lots of parcelization.
- Headwater streams (red) where juvenile salmon rear are throughout the watersheds.





### 3. Decision-making



#### Planning Commission

"Concerns about water quality and fish habitat are routinely voiced during public testimony during hearings for conditional land use permits for material sites. If additional information was included in the application on hydrology of sites, the planning commission would be more effective at acknowledging and engaging with the public to address their concerns."

Syverine Bentz, served planning commission 6 years

Conditional Land Use Permits-River Center

### 4. Training and Education



#### Engaging with remote villagespartnering with Project GRAD

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Field trips with KPB middle schools

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# Field trips for commercial and sport fishermen, partnering with Kachemak Heritage Land Trust





#### Municipal field trips, partnering with City of Homer



### Groundwater table demonstration



